## **Fotoboss**

## Quality Control Guide Ver 1.1

Every image on Fotoboss must avoid the unintended focus-out, horizontal disparity, chromatic aberration, over-compression, noise, all kinds of watermarks, and timestamp.

Fotoboss curators review each image for basic technical and quality requirements.

Please check your images against this guide before uploading.

Basic upload guideline - The minimum size for the Fotoboss image is 3000 pixels at the longest dimension.

Guideline details- You can find the details below.

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# Camera Setting







## 1. Camera Shake

#### Reason

 Blurred image giving the impression that the camera or the subject moved when the photo was taken.

- Set the shutter speed suitably to the movement of the subject.
- Use the tripod to prevent a camera from shaking.







## 2. Out of focus

#### Reason

- No point of focus or out of focus when viewed at 100% size.
- Except for images artistically intended to be out-focused.

- Adjust the shutter speed properly and use the tripod to prevent a camera from shaking.
- Make sure to focus on the right point.







## 3. Horizontality

#### Reason

- The horizon in the image tilts.
- Except for images artistically intended to be out-focused.

## Tip.

Level the horizon in an image using a crop tool [ ].



# Color







## 4. Chromatic aberration

#### Reason

 Chromatic aberration is "the status that magenta or turquoise fringes around the subject," and the edge appears into several colors. It usually occurs in the wide-angle shot.

- Use professional Lens.
- Cover the chromatic aberration with post-correction.











## 5. Color cast

#### Reason

- Image has an unnatural color (green, yellow, blue, etc.) caused by an incorrect white balance.
- White background or white subject shall be white.

- You may use the automatic white balance function in a camera. However, you should check the white balance setting manually before the shooting as the auto setting is not perfect.
- Adjust white balance with post-correction.
- For the image artistically intended to be, add an explanation to a caption.

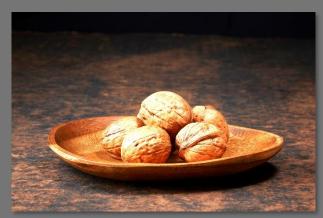


## 6. Over-exposure or lacking exposure

#### Reason

• Image is over-exposed or lacking exposure, so the darker or lighter parts are not clear enough.

- Avoid shooting too bright.
- Use a tripod to prevent the lack of exposure and shaking.
- Adjust the ISO.
- Use an exposure meter.



Overexposed



Original



Less exposed



# Retouching







## 7. Noticeable sharpening

#### Reason

 The image seems to have multiple edges because of the over-sharpening. It makes the image look rougher than clear when viewed at 100%.

- Do not sharpen an image too much.
- Sharpen a specific part only if it is necessary.
- Shoot a photograph in RAW mode instead of JPEG.







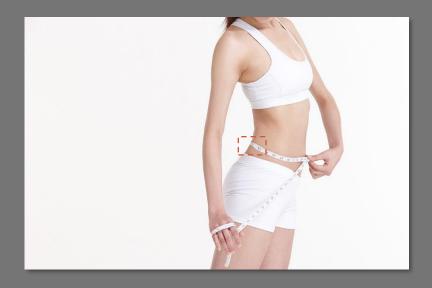
## 8. Noise

#### Reason

• Grainy veils or tiny colored pixels/specks appear in the image.

- Shoot at as low ISO level as possible.
- If a studio or shooting place is too dark, use the flashlight(stroboscope) to adjust exposure.







## 9. Noticeable retouching

### Reason

• Retouching is obvious in the image when viewed at 100%.











## 10. Over-manipulated

### Reason

 Posterized, "blocky" or distorted /unrealistic colors because of the too much retouching.







## 11. File compression

#### Reason

• The image has a blocky or patchy appearance in flat colors, caused by over-compression of the file.

- Shoot photographs in RAW mode and use a lossless compression method.
- Shoot photographs under the highest resolution in case the image file format is JPEG.







## 12. Watermark

## Reason

The image has the photographer's watermark on it.

## Tip.

Remove watermarks or upload an original image file.







## 13. Border/edge line

## Reason

 The image has the frame or the vignetting filter on it.

## Tip.

• The image does not need any frame or border.



## ETC







## 14. Soft or lacking definition

#### Reason

• There is a clear difference between when the image is full-sized and viewed at 100% due to low resolution.

- Shoot photographs in RAW mode and use a lossless compression method.
- Do not reduce the original file size.









## 15. Excessive similar

#### Reason

 Series of similar images with almost identical compositions or only slight differences.

## Tip.

Select the best image that shows your strength.